



### **Practical considerations for** *auditing accounting estimates*

7 MAY 2020 PRESENTED BY JOHN SELWOOD

#### *Introduction*



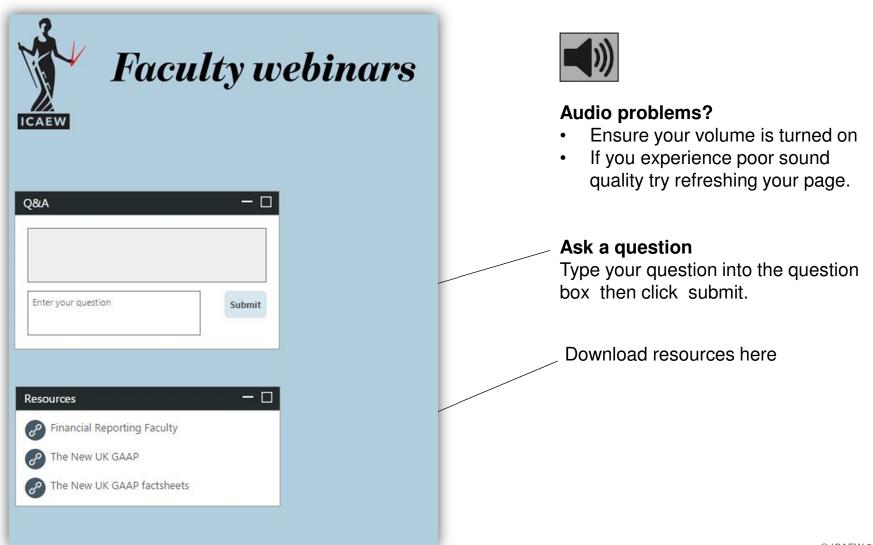
Louise Sharp Technical Manager ICAEW

#### Today's presenter



John Selwood

#### Ask a question



**Contents - Practical considerations for auditing** accounting estimates

**Revised ISA 540** 

The audit impact of COVID-19 lockdown

Key features of new ISA

**Practical examples** 

What more is the Faculty doing?

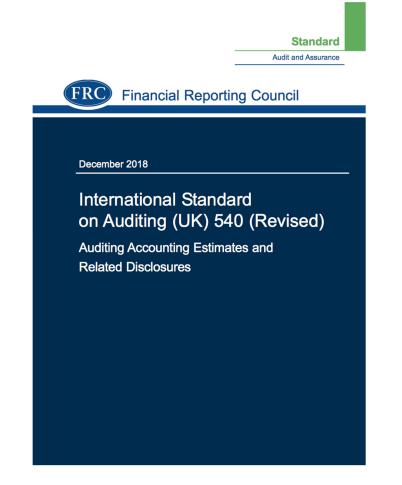
Practical considerations for auditing accounting estimates

### **REVISED ISA 540 - OVERVIEW**

#### ISA 540 Accounting estimates

New standard

- Periods commencing 15 December 2019
- Early adoption permitted



### ISA 540 Accounting estimates



## The problems

- Numerous enhanced requirements
- Already a difficult area
- ISA 540 already not well complied with?
- Weak spot in some audit methodologies?

#### ISA 540 Numerous enhancements





Practical considerations for auditing accounting estimates

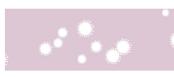
### AUDITING CONSEQUENCES OF THE COVID-19 LOCKDOWN

#### ICAEW guidance



**Exams update** Information and guidance on ICAEW exams during the coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic.

See more



Help for business Discover vital support available for businesses affected by coronavirus.

See more



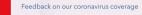
**Business interruption** Coronavirus is impacting supply chains, travel, insurance, GDP and entire economies.

See more

#### Coronavirus

Coronavirus is not just a world health emergency; it is an economic one too. The economic impacts are plain to see and emergency provisions are being made worldwide in an attempt to support individuals, business and anyone who advises them. ICAEW is monitoring the situation closely and collating resources as conditions unfold.

Practical business advice





Audit Learn about the auditing implications of the Coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic

See more



**Financial reporting** Find guidance for preparers of financial statements on the coronavirus outbreak.

See more



Tax Here is the latest support and advice on tax issues relating to coronavirus (COVID-19), such as statutory sick pay.

See more



#### First and second wave issues





#### 31 December YE

- Going concern
- Disclosures
- PBSE

#### 31 March YE

- Going concern
- Disclosures
- PBSE
- Asset valuations!
- Stocktakes

#### Audit reports

#### The impact of uncertainties due to Britain exiting the European Union on our audit

Uncertainties related to the effects of Brexit are relevant to understanding our audit of the financial statements. All audits assess and challenge the reasonableness of estimates made by the directors, such as recoverability of investments, intangibles assets and related disclosures and the appropriateness of the going concern basis of preparation of the financial statements. All of these depend on assessments of the future economic environment and the company's future prospects and performance.

Brexit is one of the most significant economic events for the UK, and at the date of this report its effects are subject to unprecedented levels of uncertainty of outcomes, with the full range of possible effects unknown. We applied a standardised firm-wide approach in response to that uncertainty when assessing the company's future prospects and performance. However, no audit should be expected to predict the unknowable factors or all possible future implications for a company and this is particularly the case in relation to Brexit.

#### Going concern

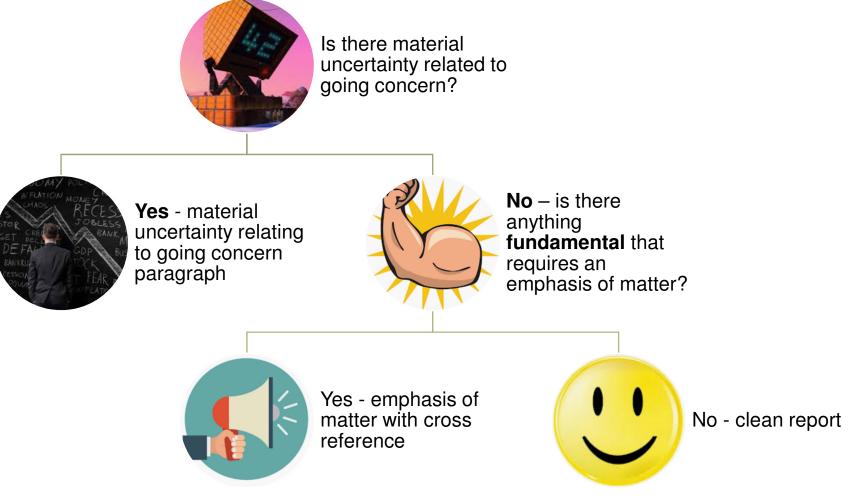
The directors have prepared the financial statements on the going concern basis as they do not intend to liquidate the group or the company or to cease their operations, and as they have concluded that the group and the company's financial position means that this is realistic. They have also concluded that there are no material uncertainties that could have cast significant doubt over their ability to continue as a going concern for at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements ("the going concern period").

We are required to report to you if we have concluded that the use of the going concern basis of accounting is inappropriate or there is an undisclosed material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt over the use of that basis for a period of at least a year from the date of approval of the financial statements. In our evaluation of the directors' conclusions, we considered the inherent risks to the group's business model, including the impact of Brexit, and analysed how those risks might affect the group and company's financial resources or ability to continue operations over the going concern period. We have nothing to report in these respects.

However as we cannot predict all future events or conditions and as subsequent events may result in

Knowns	Known Knowns Things we are aware of and understand.	Known Unknowns Things we are aware of but don't understand.
Unknowns	Unknown Knowns Things we understand but are not aware of.	Unknown Unknowns Things we are neither aware of nor understand.
	Knowns	Unknowns

# Audit reports – ignoring modified opinions and KAMs



#### Attendance at stocktakes



## - Use tools for a virtual attendance

- Attend stocktake later and test rollback

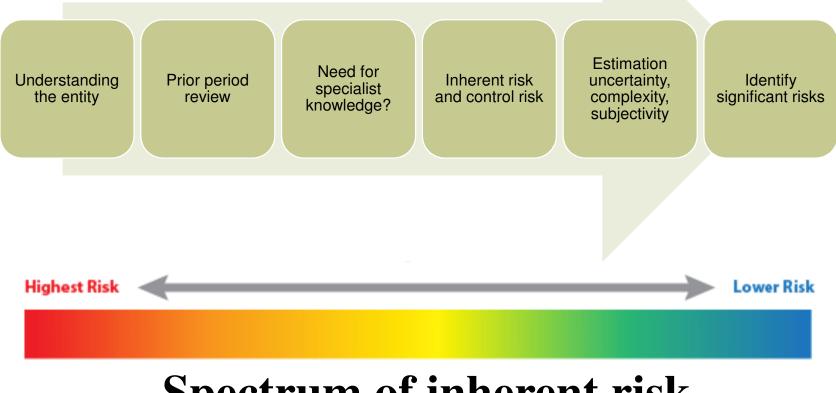
- Test paper trail around the year end?

- Qualify/disclaimer audit opinion? – watch out for bank covenants

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### **KEY CHANGES IN ISA 540**

#### Accounting estimates – risk assessment



**Spectrum of inherent risk** 

#### Scepticism



### New in ISA 540

- More questioning and challenge
- Not just seeking corroboration
- Evaluating and documenting contradictory evidence

#### Scepticism

#### Audit evidence

- Tests should be designed without bias
- Evidence should be evaluated taking into account both corroborating and contradictory evidence
- Don't just document corroborating evidence
- Document contradictory evidence too

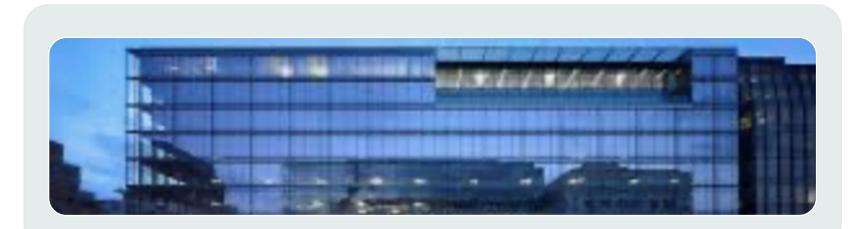
Obtaining Relevant Audit Evidence Whether Corroborative or Contradictory

A82. Audit evidence comprises both information that supports and corroborates management's assertions, and any information that contradicts such assertions.<sup>44</sup> Obtaining audit evidence in an unbiased manner may involve obtaining evidence from multiple sources within and outside the entity. However, the auditor is not required to perform an exhaustive search to identify all possible sources of audit evidence.

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### **PRACTICAL EXAMPLES**

#### **Example 1 – investment property valuation**



### Property company

- The company owns a significant office building with several long term tenants
- The company is heavily geared with bank borrowing and bank covenants

#### **Example – property valuation**

Understand the entity Business strategy

GAAP – FRS 102

Internal controls? – Valuation

Prior **periods** review

Look at past trends in the valuation

If there were a number of properties, look at prices achieved on sale.

### Example – property valuation

SEPARATE risk assessments

# Inherent risk

Consider spectrum of risk: subjectivity, complexity, **bias**, **fraud** 

Estimation uncertainty not likely to be low

# Control risk

Understand internal; controls

If no testing of controls: Risk cannot be low



The auditor's further audit procedures shall include one or more of the following approaches:

- Obtaining audit evidence from events occurring up to the date of the auditor's report
- Testing how management made the accounting estimate
- Developing an auditor's point estimate or range



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#### **Example – property valuation**

Approach Testing of how management made the accounting estimate:

External valuation by professional valuer on a yield basis

Valuer &<br/>valuation?Is the valuer qualified etc etc.....Is it the right basis? Similar properties? DRC?Was it carried out properly?How was the yield derived?

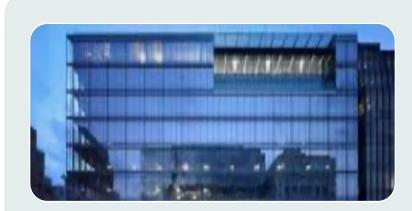
#### **Example – property valuation**

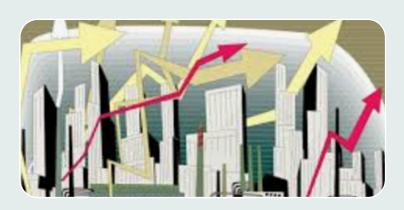
Approach Developing an auditor's point estimate or range

# Yield Look at third party market data - preferably from multiple sources

The auditor should develop their own understanding of how the yield basis should be applied

#### **Example 1A – investment property valuation**





#### Property company

- The company owns a significant office building with several long term tenants
- The company is heavily geared with bank borrowing with bank covenants

A professional valuation was obtained in the prior year. The directors are of the view that the valuation of the property has not changed in the past 12 months

#### **Example 1B – investment property valuation**



# Property company

 The valuation report from the valuer at 31 March 2020 contains a material uncertainty clause

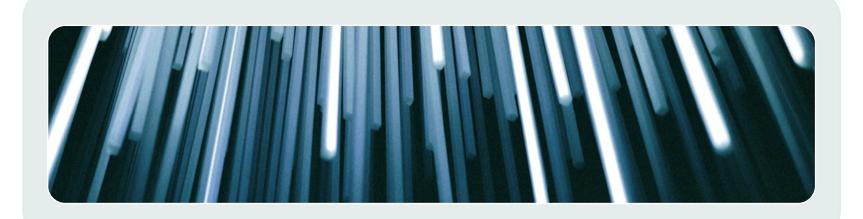


The outbreak of the Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19), declared by the World Health Organisation as a "Global Pandemic" on 11 March 2020, has impacted global financial markets. Travel restrictions have been implemented by many countries.

Market activity is being impacted in many sectors. As at the valuation date, we consider that we can attach less weight to previous market evidence for comparison purposes, to inform opinions of value. Indeed, the current response to COVID-19 means that we are faced with an unprecedented set of circumstances on which to base a judgement.

Our valuation(s) is / are therefore reported on the basis of 'material valuation uncertainty' as per VPS 3 and VPGA 10 of the RICS Red Book Global. Consequently, less certainty – and a higher degree of caution – should be attached to our valuation than would normally be the case. Given the unknown future impact that COVID-19 might have on the real estate market, we recommend that you keep the valuation of [this property] under frequent review

#### Example 2 – investment in shares



### Group holding company

- A parent company holds controlling interests in three subsidiary companies. All are tech start ups.
- The accounting policy to recognise the investments at fair value through P&L

#### **Example – valuation of investment in shares**

Understand the entity Business strategy

GAAP – FRS 102

Internal controls?

Prior **periods** review

Look at trends in valuation

Look at any sales if applicable

#### **Example - valuation of investment in shares**

SEPARATE risk assessments

# Inherent risk

Spectrum of risk: subjectivity, complexity, bias, fraud, estimation uncertainty

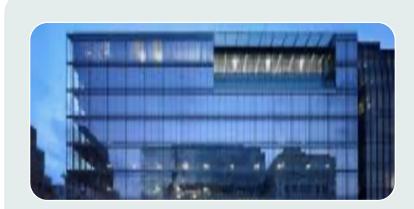
Control<sup>?</sup> risk



The auditor's further audit procedures **shall** include one or more of the following approaches:

- Obtaining audit evidence from events occurring up to the date of the auditor's report
- Testing how management made the accounting estimate
- Developing an auditor's point estimate or range

#### Example 2B – investment in shares





#### Group holding company

- A parent company holds controlling interests in three subsidiary companies. All are tech start ups.
- The accounting policy to recognise the investments at fair value through P&L

The directors take the view that the valuation of the investments at 31 March 2020 is the same as in the previous year.

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### **IMPLEMENTATION SUPPORT**



## Any questions?

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### Thank you for attending

Please take the time to fill out our short survey.

Contact the Audit & Assurance Faculty ☎ +44 (0)20 7920 8493 ⊠ tdaf@icaew.com ∽⊕ icaew.com/aaf

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